

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product identifier	UNI-WELD and PLASTI-WELD PVC Medium Clear Cement
Other means of identification	
SDS number	1101EV
Synonyms	1224, 1224V, 1236S, 1236SV, 1246S, 1246SV, 1256S, 1256SV, 40436S, 40436SV, 40446S, 40446SV, 40456SV, 40456SV,
Recommended use	Joining PVC Pipes
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.

#### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name	United Elchem Industries c/o Oatey Co.
Address	4700 West 160th St.
	Cleveland, OH 44135
Telephone	216-267-7100
E-mail	info@oatey.com
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator

#### 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
Signal word Hazard statement	Danger	wellowed. Mey be fetal if evaluated and enters
nazaru statement		swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters s eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly clo equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/vent tools. Take precautionary measures against st	ilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking atic discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash smoke when using this product. Wear protective
Response		irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If ntion. Take off contaminated clothing and wash nedia to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep contained	r tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

#### Supplemental information

Not applicable.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures
MILLAI CO

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	30-50
Acetone	67-64-1	10-25
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	10-25
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	12-20
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10-20
Fumed Silica	112945-52-5	1-5

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

### 6. Accidental release measures

0. Accidental release meas	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

U.S. - OSHA

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Fumed Silica (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	Unspecified.
		20 mppcf	Unspecified.
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated	Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001		,
Components	Туре	Value	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)	STEL	5 ppm	
,	TWA	1 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Ai	r Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1	000)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	PEL	200 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
lethyl ethyl ketone (CAS 8-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
olyvinyl chloride (CAS 002-86-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
S. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910	).1000)	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
omponents	Туре	Value	
umed Silica (CAS	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
2945-52-5)		20 mppcf	
S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	S	20 11000	
omponents	Туре	Value	Form
cetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
- <b>·</b>	TWA	500 ppm	
yclohexanone (CAS 08-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS 09-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
ethyl ethyl ketone (CAS 3-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
olyvinyl chloride (CAS )02-86-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
.S NIOSH			
omponents	Туре	Value	Form
umed Silica (CAS	REL	6 mg/m3	Unspecified.
12945-52-5) S. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	nical Hazards		
omponents	Туре	Value	
cetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
· · ·		250 ppm	
yclohexanone (CAS )8-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
umed Silica (CAS 2945-52-5)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS )9-99-9)	STEL	735 mg/m3	
	TWA	250 ppm 590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
ethyl ethyl ketone (CAS 3-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
78-93-3)	TWA	300 ppm 590 mg/m3 200 ppm	

# Biological limit values

### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
* - For sampling details, ple	ease see the source	document.		
xposure guidelines				
US - California OELs: Ski	n designation			
Cyclohexanone (CAS US - Minnesota Haz Subs	'		e absorbed thro	ugh the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS US - Tennessee OELs: SI		Skin de	esignation appli	es.
Cyclohexanone (CAS US ACGIH Threshold Lim			e absorbed thro	ugh the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS Furan, Tetrahydro- (C <b>US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide</b>	AS 109-99-9)	Can be	e absorbed thro e absorbed thro	
Cyclohexanone (CAS	108-94-1)	Can be	absorbed thro	ugh the skin.
ppropriate engineering ontrols	changes per ho applicable, use maintain airbor established, ma	our) should be used. Ve process enclosures, lo ne levels below recomm	ntilation rates s cal exhaust ver nended exposu o an acceptable	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air hould be matched to conditions. If tilation, or other engineering controls to re limits. If exposure limits have not been level. Eye wash facilities and emergency
ndividual protection measure	-			
Eye/face protection	vvear safety gla	asses with side shields	(or goggles).	
Skin protection				
Hand protection		ate chemical resistant	-	
Other		ate chemical resistant cl	-	ntertions below and the later
Respiratory protection	limits (where a		otable level (in o	entrations below recommended exposure countries where exposure limits have not orn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropria	ate thermal protective cl	othing, when ne	ecessary.
eneral hygiene onsiderations	When using, do	o not eat, drink or smoke	e. Wash hands	after handling and before eating.
. Physical and chemica	al properties			
ppearance				
Physical state	Liquid.			
Form	Translucent liqu	uid.		
Color	Clear.			
Nelez	Solvent			

Initial boiling point and boiling range	151 °F (66.11 °C)
Flash point	14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.05.0 °C)
Evaporation rate	5.5 - 8
PVC Medium Clear Cement	

Solvent.

Not available.

Not available. Not available.

Odor

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Odor threshold

Melting point/freezing point

Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.8
Flammability limit - upper (%)	11.8
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.93 +/- 0.02
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	1200 - 2500 cP
Viscosity temperature	77 °F (25 °C)
Other information	
Bulk density	7.7 lbs/gal
VOC (Weight %)	See can label
10. Stability and reactivity	

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.	
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.	

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation. Species Test Results	
Components		
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1540 mg/kg
* Estimates for product may b	be based on ac	litional component data not shown.
kin corrosion/irritation	Causes skir	irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye rritation	Causes seri	us eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitizatior	n	
Respiratory sensitization	Not availabl	
Skin sensitization	This produc	is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer. In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure. This product contains polyvinyl chloride (PVC) that is not a fabricated product, and is therefore, defined and regulated as a toxic and hazardous substance under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1017 due to the presumed presence of residual vinyl chloride monomer. The concentrations of residual vinyl chloride calculated to be contained in this product are well below the threshold for classification in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200.	
IARC Monographs. Overall		
Cyclohexanone (CAS 10) Fumed Silica (CAS 1129 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9 <b>OSHA Specifically Regulat</b>	8-94-1) 145-52-5) 9002-86-2)	<ul><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li></ul>
Fumed Silica (CAS 1129 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9	8-94-1) 145-52-5) 9002-86-2) r <b>ed Substance</b>	<ul><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li></ul>
Fumed Silica (CAS 1129 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9 <b>OSHA Specifically Regulat</b> Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9	8-94-1) 145-52-5) 9002-86-2) <b>ed Substance</b> 9002-86-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 5 (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
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Fumed Silica (CAS 1129 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 5 OSHA Specifically Regulat Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 5 eproductive toxicity specific target organ toxicity - ingle exposure specific target organ toxicity - epeated exposure spiration hazard chronic effects 2. Ecological information cotoxicity Components Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 Aquatic Fish * Estimates for product may b	8-94-1) 145-52-5) 9002-86-2) <b>red Substance</b> 9002-86-2) This produc Respiratory Not classifie May be fata Prolonged in The product possibility th -1) LC50 pe based on ac	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classified to cause reproductive or developmental effects. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Fumed Silica (CAS 1129 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 5 OSHA Specifically Regulat Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 5 Seproductive toxicity specific target organ toxicity - ingle exposure specific target organ toxicity - epeated exposure aspiration hazard chronic effects 2. Ecological information cotoxicity <u>Components</u> Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94- Aquatic Fish * Estimates for product may b	8-94-1) 45-52-5) 9002-86-2) This produc Respiratory Not classifie May be fata Prolonged in The product possibility th -1) LC50 be based on ac No data is a	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 4 (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Cancer is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. 1. if swallowed and enters airways. halation may be harmful. is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the at large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment <b>Species Test Results</b> Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours titional component data not shown. railable on the degradability of this product.
Fumed Silica (CAS 1129 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9 <b>OSHA Specifically Regulat</b> Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9 <b>Reproductive toxicity</b> <b>Specific target organ toxicity -</b> single exposure Specific target organ toxicity - epeated exposure Aspiration hazard Chronic effects <b>12. Ecological information</b> Ecotoxicity <u>Components</u> Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 Aquatic Fish * Estimates for product may b Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential	8-94-1) 145-52-5) 9002-86-2) <b>red Substance</b> 9002-86-2) This produc Respiratory Not classifie May be fata Prolonged in The product possibility th -1) LC50 be based on ac No data is a No data ava	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 4 (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Cancer is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. nation. Narcotic effects. 1. if swallowed and enters airways. halation may be harmful. is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the at large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment <b>Species Test Results</b> Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours ditional component data not shown. railable on the degradability of this product. Hable.
Fumed Silica (CAS 1129 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS S OSHA Specifically Regulat Polyvinyl chloride (CAS S Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard Chronic effects 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity <u>Components</u> Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 Aquatic Fish	8-94-1) 145-52-5) 9002-86-2) red Substance 9002-86-2) This produc Respiratory Not classifie May be fata Prolonged in The product possibility th -1) LC50 be based on ac No data is a No data avai nol / water (log -1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classified to cause reproductive or developmental effects. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

# 14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	П
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	T11, TP1, TP8, TP27
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	201
Packaging bulk	243
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II. Contraction of the second s
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not available.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	
the IBC Code	

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15. Regulatory information	on	
US federal regulations	Standard, 29 CFR 1910.	dous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication 1200. In U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export	Notification (40 CFR 707,	Subpt. D)
Not regulated.	ted Substances (29 CFR 19	
Polyvinyl chloride (CAS	-	Cancer
	3002-00-2)	Central nervous system Liver Blood Flammability
CERCLA Hazardous Subst	ance List (40 CFR 302.4)	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 10 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CA Methyl ethyl ketone (CA	S 109-99-9)	LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED
Superfund Amendments and R	eauthorization Act of 1986	(SARA)
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	
SARA 302 Extremely haza	rdous substance	
Not listed.		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.		
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio	n 112 Hazardous Air Pollu	tants (HAPs) List
Not regulated. Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio Not regulated.	n 112(r) Accidental Releas	e Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
Drug Enforcement Adı Chemical Code Numbo		Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
Acetone (CAS 67-6 Methyl ethyl ketone	,	6532 6714
Drug Enforcement Adı	ministration (DEA). List 1 8	2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
Acetone (CAS 67-6 Methyl ethyl ketone		35 %WV 35 %WV
Acetone (CAS 67-6 Methyl ethyl ketone	4-1)	6532 6714
US state regulations		
US. Massachusetts RTK - S	Substance List	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 11 Fumed Silica (CAS 112 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS Methyl ethyl ketone (CA US. New Jersey Worker an	08-94-1) 945-52-5) S 109-99-9) S 78-93-3)	ow Act
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS	08-94-1)	

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Fumed Silica (CAS 112945-52-5) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

### US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Tetrahydrofuran, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</u>. See section 11 for additional information.

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

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A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	27-May-2015
Revision date	7-01-2022
Version #	02
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard:
NFPA ratings	

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Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.