

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification			
Product identifier	Oatey PVC Heavy Duty Clear or Gray Cement		
Other means of identification			
SDS number	1102C		
Synonyms	Part Numbers: Clear- 30850, 30863, 30876, 30882, 31008, 31011, 31476, 31477, 31478, 31479, 31950, 31951, 31952, 31953 / Gray- 30349, 31093, 31094, 31095, 31105, 31118, 31510, 31511, 31512, 31513, 31514, 31978, 31979, 31980, 31981, 32050, 32051, 32052, 32210, 32211, 31513C		
Recommended use	Joining PVC Pipes		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
	Manufacturer	Distributor	
Company Name	Oatey Co.	Oatey Canada Supply Chain Services Co.	
Address	4700 West 160th St.	145 Walker Drive	
	Cleveland, OH 44135	Brampton, ON L6T 5P5, Canada	
Telephone	216-267-7100		
E-mail	info@oatey.com		
Transport Emergency	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)		
Emergency First Aid	1-877-740-5015		
Contact person	MSDS Coordinator		
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2	
	Physical hazards not otherwise classifi	ed Category 1	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4	
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A	
	Specific target organ toxicity, single ex	oosure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation	

**Environmental hazards** 

Signal word

Hazard statement

Label elements



Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure

Health hazards not otherwise classified

Danger

Aspiration hazard

Not classified.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Category 3 narcotic effects

Category 1

Category 1

#### Precautionary statement Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Other hazards	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides.
Supplemental information	None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures
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emical name	CAS number	%	
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	30-60	
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10-30	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC;	9002-86-2	10-30	
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	5-10	
Colloidal silicon dioxide	112945-52-5	1-5	

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.
6. Accidental release mea	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills:
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

#### **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	

#### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3	
		750 ppm	
	TWA	1200 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	200 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
	TWA	80 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
		10 mg/m3	Total particulate.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
,		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	295 mg/m3	
·	TWA	100 ppm 147 mg/m3 50 ppm	

# Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm	
,	TWA	50 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
,	TWA	50 ppm	

#### Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable particles.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
,	TWA	200 ppm	

#### Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value Form	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
,	TWA	50 ppm	

#### Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	

#### Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC; (CAS 9002-86-2)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	TWA	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

## **Biological limit values**

#### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines		
Canada - Alberta OELs: S	kin designation	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS Canada - British Columbia	109-99-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 2 Canada - Manitoba OELs:	08-94-1) 109-99-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS Canada - Ontario OELs: S	109-99-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS Canada - Quebec OELs: S	109-99-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 Canada - Saskatchewan C	08-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS <b>US ACGIH Threshold Lim</b> i	109-99-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. <b>n</b>
Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 1		Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.
Appropriate engineering controls	changes per hour) shou applicable, use process maintain airborne levels established, maintain a	al and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air uld be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If s enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to s below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been irborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency ble when handling this product.
Individual protection measure	s, such as personal prote	ctive equipment
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses wi	th side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate chem	nical resistant gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chem	nical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls of limits (where applicable	do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure e) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate therm	nal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene	When using, do not eat	t, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling and before eating.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

considerations

Appearance	Opaque.or Translucent.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Gray or Clear.
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	151 °F (66.11 °C)
Flash point	14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.05.0 °C)
Evaporation rate	5.5 - 8
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits

Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	145 mm Hg @ 20 C
Vapor density	2.5
Relative density	0.88 - 0.92
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Negligible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	1200 - 2500 cP
Other information	
Bulk density	7.5 lb/gal
VOC (Weight %)	< 510 g/l SQACMD Method 304
10. Stability and reactivity	

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

# Information on toxicological effects

Acute

e toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results		
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)				
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit 948 mg/kg			
Inhalation				
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours		
Oral LD50	Rat	800 ma/ka		
	Rai	800 mg/kg		
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	1650 mg/kg		
* Estimates for product may	be based on additional compone	nt data not shown.		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.			
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Respiratory or skin sensitization	on			
Respiratory sensitization	Not classified.			
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected t	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.			
	lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that the data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" followir exposure to THF by all routes of exposure. This product contains polyvinyl chloride (PVC) that not a fabricated product, and is therefore, defined and regulated as a toxic and hazardous substance under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1017 due to the presumed presence of residual vinyl chlorid are well below the threshold for classification in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200.			
ACGIH Carcinogens		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to		
		humans.		
Ethene, chloro-, homopo (CAS 9002-86-2)	olymer, Polyvinyl chloride; PVC;	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.		
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)		A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.		
Canada - Manitoba OELs:	carcinogenicity			
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) CYCLOHEXANONE (CAS 108-94-1) POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC), RESPIRABLE		Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.		
FRACTION (CAS 9002- TETRAHYDROFURAN		Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans		
	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity			
Colloidal silicon dioxide Cyclohexanone (CAS 10 Ethene, chloro-, homopo (CAS 9002-86-2)		<ul><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li><li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li></ul>		
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected t	o cause reproductive or developmental effects.		
Specific target organ toxicity -				
single exposure	city - May cause respiratory irritation. Narcotic effects.			

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

## 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. Contains a substance which causes risk of hazardous effects to the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimeph	ales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108	-94-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimeph	ales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109	9-99-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimeph	ales promelas) 2160 mg/l, 96 Hours
* Estimates for product ma	ay be based on	additional component data not	shown.
rsistence and degradabilit	ty No data is	s available on the degradability	of this product.
paccumulative potential	No data a	available.	
Cyclohexanone (CAS Methyl ethyl ketone ( Tetrahydrofuran (CAS	CAS 78-93-3) S 109-99-9)	0.81 0.29 0.46	
bility in soil	No data a		
her adverse effects			e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation
			rming potential) are expected from this component.
. Disposal considera	tions		
sposal instructions	and its co sewers/w	ntainer must be disposed of as	containers at licensed waste disposal site. This materia hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain int nts/container in accordance with ations.
cal disposal regulations	Dispose i	n accordance with all applicable	e regulations.
zardous waste code	The wast disposal d		scussion between the user, the producer and the waste
aste from residues / unuse oducts	product re		ations. Empty containers or liners may retain some ontainer must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:
ntaminated packaging	Cinco om	ptied containers may retain proc	

# 14. Transport information TDG

UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	
Packing group	I
Environmental hazards	Marine pollutant only when containing 10% or more substances identified as marine pollutants or severe marine pollutant when containing 1% or more substances identified as severe marine pollutants

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. IATA

UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
· ·	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not available.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	

the IBC Code

## 15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.		
Controlled Drugs and Subs	stances Act		
Not regulated.			
Export Control List (CEPA	1999, Schedule 3)		
Not listed.			
Greenhouse Gases			
Not listed.			
Precursor Control Regulati			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Methyl ethyl ketone (CA		Class B Class B	
	378-93-3)		
International regulations			
Stockholm Convention			
Not applicable.			
Rotterdam Convention			
Not applicable.			
Kyoto protocol			
Not applicable. Montreal Protocol			
Not applicable.			
Basel Convention			
Not applicable.			
International Inventories			
Country(s) or region	Inventory name		On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemica	I Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)		Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (DOL)	·	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical S	Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## **16. Other Information**

Issue date	21-December-2015
Revision date	-
Version #	01
Disclaimer	Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.