SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Oatey Primer Industrial Grade Purple Primer

Other means of identification

SDS number 1402C, 31764, 31765, 31766

Recommended use Joining PVC Pipes Recommended restrictions

None known.

Manufacturer Distributor

Oatey Co. Oatey Canada Supply Chain Services Co. **Company Name**

4700 West 160th St. **Address** 145 Walker Drive

> Cleveland, OH 44135 Brampton, ON L6T 5P5, Canada

Telephone 216-267-7100 E-mail info@oatey.com

Transport Emergency Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)

Emergency First Aid 1-877-740-5015 MSDS Coordinator **Contact person**

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

> Physical hazards not otherwise classified Category 1 Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1 Health hazards not otherwise classified Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Health hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use

explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear

protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Oatey Industrial Grade Purple Primer 926738 Version #: 01 Revision date: ----Issue date: 30-April-2020 Response IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair):

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire:

Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

May form explosive peroxides.

Supplemental information Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Acetone	67-64-1	10-25
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	10-25
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	10-25
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	40-60

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contactTake off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin

irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause

pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Ingestion

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Unsuitable extinguishing
media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive

Oatey Industrial Grade Purple Primer

926738 Version #: 01 Revision date: ---- Issue date: 30-April-2020

SDS Canada

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Environmental precautions

7. Handling and storage Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
•	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3	
		750 ppm	
	TWA	1200 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	200 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	

Oatey Industrial Grade Purple Primer

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	
	TWA	80 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
·		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	295 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
	TWA	147 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
·	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm	
,	TWA	50 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
•	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
·	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
,	TWA	200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
•	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
·	TWA	200 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
,	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3

Components	Туре	Value	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
,		25 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	TWA	300 mg/m3	
•		100 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Other

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash

work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid. Physical state

Form Translucent liquid.

Color Clear. Odor Solvent. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. pН Not available. Melting point/freezing point 151 °F (66.11 °C) Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

5.5 - 8 **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

Vapor pressure 145 mm Hg @ 20 C

2.5 Vapor density

Relative density 0.82 - 0.86

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. Not available. **Decomposition temperature Viscosity** < 100 cP

Other information

Bulk density 7 lb/gal

VOC (Weight %) 505 g/I SQACMD Method 304

10. Stability and reactivity

Oatey Industrial Grade Purple Primer

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the Conditions to avoid

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics. Incompatible materials

926738 Version #: 01 Revision date: ---- Issue date: 30-April-2020

SDS Canada

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components	Species	Test Results		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)				
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg		
Inhalation				
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg		
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-9	94-1)			
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg		
Inhalation				
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	800 mg/kg		
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)				
Acute				
Dermal				
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours		
Oral				
LD50	Rat	1650 mg/kg		

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not classified.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

CYCLOHEXANONE (CAS 108-94-1) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. TETRAHYDROFURAN (CAS 109-99-9) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Narcotic effects. Respiratory tract irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Aspiration hazard**

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64	4-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CA	S 108-94-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours
Tetrahydrofuran (CA	AS 109-99-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2160 mg/l, 96 Hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

No data is available on the degradability of this product. Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) -0.24Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 0.81 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 0.29 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) 0.46

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

926738 Version #: 01 Revision date: ---- Issue date: 30-April-2020

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material

and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN1993 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name

Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone) Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group

Environmental hazards No. **ERG Code** 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN1993 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

> Marine pollutant No.

F-E, S-E FmS

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not available.

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Oatey Industrial Grade Purple Primer

926738 Version #: 01 Revision date: ---- Issue date: 30-April-2020

9 / 10

Precursor Control Regulations

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Class B Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Class B

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Furone	Furgness List of Notified Chemical Substances (FLINCS)	No

Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No
Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Yes
Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes
New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes
Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory
*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other Information

Issue date 21-December-2015

Revision date - 01

Disclaimer Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the

products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the

sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

926738 Version #: 01 Revision date: ---- Issue date: 30-April-2020

Yes