SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Oatey EP42 Lo VOC CPVC Heavy Duty Industrial Gray Cement

Other means of identification

5204C SDS number

Synonyms Part Numbers: 30328, 30329, 30330, 31459, 31781, 31782

Recommended use Joining PVC Pipes **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer

Company Name Oatey Co. Oatey Canada Supply Chain Services Co.

Address 4700 West 160th St. 145 Walker Drive

> Cleveland, OH 44135 Brampton, ON L6T 5P5, Canada

Distributor

Telephone 216-267-7100 E-mail info@oatey.com

Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887) **Transport Emergency**

1-877-740-5015 **Emergency First Aid Contact person** MSDS Coordinator

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

> Physical hazards not otherwise classified Category 1 Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Health hazards not otherwise classified Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Health hazards



Signal word

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use

explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear

protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Response

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire:

Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Storage

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. **Disposal**

Other hazards Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

May form explosive peroxides.

Supplemental information Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	50-70	
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	68648-82-8	15-25	
Acetone	67-64-1	5-15	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	5-15	

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin Skin contact

irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, Ingestion

keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause

pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatique, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Specific methods

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. This product is miscible in water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
,	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3	
		750 ppm	
	TWA	1200 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	200 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	

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Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	
	TWA	80 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	295 mg/m3	
•		100 ppm	
	TWA	147 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
.00 00 0,	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
,	TWA	20 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
, , ,	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm	
•	TWA	20 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm	
,	TWA	50 ppm	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
·		25 ppm	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	TWA	300 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*	
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
	8 mg/l	Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*	
Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofura n	Urine	*	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin. Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin. Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin. Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin. Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin. Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin. Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Other

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such **General hygiene**

as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash considerations

work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid. Physical state

Opaque liquid. **Form**

Color Gray. Solvent. Odor

Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 151 °F (66.11 °C)

range

Flash point 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

Evaporation rate 5.5 - 8

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.8

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

11.8

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 145 mm Hg @ 20 C

Vapor density 2.5

Relative density 0.97 + -0.02

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Negligible

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.Viscosity500 - 1500 cPViscosity temperature77 °F (25 °C)

Other information

Bulk density 8.1 lb/gal

VOC (Weight %) < 490 g/l SQACMD 1168/M316A

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Acids. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components Species Test Results

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 20 ml/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 50 mg/l, 8 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8000 ppm, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritationCauses skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not classified.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation

lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following

exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

CYCLOHEXANONE (CAS 108-94-1) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. TETRAHYDROFURAN (CAS 109-99-9) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

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^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Narcotic effects. Respiratory tract irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. **Chronic effects**

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-6	4-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CA	AS 108-94-1)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours
Tetrahydrofuran (Ca	AS 109-99-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2160 mg/l, 96 Hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) -0.24Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) 0.81 Tetrahydrofuran (CAS 109-99-9) 0.46

Mobility in soil No data available.

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation Other adverse effects

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material

and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN1133 **UN number UN** proper shipping name Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class **Subsidiary risk** Ш Packing group D **Environmental hazards**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

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IATA

UN1133 **UN number** UN proper shipping name Adhesives

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No. 3L **ERG Code**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN1133 **UN** number Adhesives **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 **Subsidiary risk** Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-D **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Not available.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Class B

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

On inventory (yes/no)* Country(s) or region Inventory name

Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) Yes Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) No United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

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16. Other Information

Issue date 17-December-2015

Revision date - 01

List of abbreviations LD50: Lethal dose 50% (dose that kills 50% of test animals).

LC50: Lethal concentration 50% (concentration that kills 50% of test animals).

STEL: Short term exposure limit.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
ACGIH: American Conference of Industrial Hygienists.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.
N.O.S.: Not Otherwise Specified.

ANTT: National Agency of Land Transport.

Disclaimer Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the

products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the

sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

SDS Canada

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