

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Oatey Canadian CPVC Medium Clear Cement</b>	
<b>Other means of identification</b>		
<b>Product code</b>	1502C	
<b>Synonyms</b>	Part Numbers: 31515, 31516, 31517, 315151, 31515C, 48900, 48901	
<b>Recommended use</b>	Joining CPVC Pipes	
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.	
<b>Company Name</b>	<b>Manufacturer</b>	<b>Distributor</b>
<b>Address</b>	Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th St. Cleveland, OH 44135	Oatey Canada Supply Chain Services Co. 145 Walker Drive Brampton, ON L6T 5P5, Canada
<b>Telephone</b>	216-267-7100	
<b>E-mail</b>	info@oatey.com	
<b>Transport Emergency</b>	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887)	
<b>Emergency First Aid</b>	1-877-740-5015	
<b>Contact person</b>	MSDS Coordinator	

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 2
	Physical hazards not otherwise classified	Category 1
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
	Health hazards not otherwise classified	Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Label elements</b>		



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

<b>Response</b>	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Storage</b>	Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Other hazards</b>	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	Not applicable.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Furan, Tetrahydro-	109-99-9	50-70
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	68648-82-8	10-20
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	12.24
Acetone	67-64-1	5-15
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	5-15

All concentrations are in percent by weight (kg) unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume (l).

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

**General fire hazards**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

**6. Accidental release measures****Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

**Large Spills:** Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

**Small Spills:** Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

**Environmental precautions****7. Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Occupational exposure limits****US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)**

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	750 ppm 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 500 ppm

**Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	200 mg/m3
	TWA	50 ppm 80 mg/m3
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	20 ppm 295 mg/m3
	TWA	100 ppm 147 mg/m3
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	50 ppm 885 mg/m3
	TWA	300 ppm 590 mg/m3 200 ppm

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	250 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	STEL	50 ppm
	TWA	20 ppm
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)**

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		1000 ppm
	TWA	1190 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		500 ppm
	TWA	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)		25 ppm
	TWA	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)		100 ppm
	STEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 ppm 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 50 ppm

**Biological limit values**

**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)	80 mg/l	1,2-Cyclohexanediol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
		Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis	Urine	*
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)	2 mg/l	Tetrahydrofuran	Urine	*
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines**

**Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.  
Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Translucent liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Clear.

**Odor** Solvent.

**Odor threshold** Not available.

**pH** Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** Not available.

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** 151 °F (66.11 °C)

**Flash point** 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

**Evaporation rate** 5.5 - 8

**Flammability (solid, gas)** Not applicable.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

**Flammability limit - lower (%)** 1.8

**Flammability limit - upper (%)** 11.8

**Explosive limit - lower (%)** Not available.

**Explosive limit - upper (%)** Not available.

**Vapor pressure** 145 mm Hg @ 20 C

**Vapor density** 2.5

**Relative density** 0.95 +/- 0.02

### Solubility(ies)

**Solubility (water)** Negligible

**Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)** Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** Not available.

**Viscosity** 500 - 1500 cP

### Other information

**Bulk density** 7.9 lb/gal

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

**Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

**VOC (Weight %)** < 490 g/l SQACMD Method 316A

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Risk of explosion. Material is stable under normal conditions.

<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	948 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	800 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Suspected of causing genetic defects. No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

## Carcinogenicity

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

### ACGIH Carcinogens

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

### Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

CYCLOHEXANONE (CAS 108-94-1)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

TETRAHYDROFURAN (CAS 109-99-9)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

## Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation.

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Not classified.

## Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

## Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

## Bioaccumulative potential

### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

-0.24

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

0.81

Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9)

0.46

Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

0.29

## Mobility in soil

No data available.

## Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.



<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

## 14. Transport information

### TDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1133
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Adhesives
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	D
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1133
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Adhesives
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	3L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### IMDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1133
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Adhesives
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	F-E, S-D
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

## 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian regulations** This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

### Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

### Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

### Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

### Precursor Control Regulations

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Class B
Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)	Class B

### International regulations

#### Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

**Rotterdam Convention**

Not applicable.

**Kyoto protocol**

Not applicable.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other Information****Issue date** 10-December-2015**Revision date** -**Version #** 01

**References** ACGIH  
 EPA: AQUIRE database  
 NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base  
 US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

**Disclaimer** Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.